



Use and Care Guide

Countertop Microwave Oven

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Model JES1022TW

**Microwave power output
of this oven is 775 watts.**

(IEC-7055 Test Procedure)

GE Appliances

Help us help you...

Before using your oven, read this book carefully.

It is intended to help you operate and maintain your new microwave oven properly.

Keep it handy for answers to your questions.

If you don't understand something or need more help, write (include your phone number):

Consumer Affairs
GE Appliances
Appliance Park
Louisville, KY 40225

Write down the model and serial numbers.

You'll find them on the back of the oven.

These numbers are also on the Consumer Product Ownership Registration Card that came with your microwave oven. Before sending in this card, please write these numbers here:

Model Number

Serial Number

Use these numbers in any correspondence or service calls concerning your microwave oven.

Be sure your microwave oven is registered.

It is important that we know the location of your microwave oven should a need occur for adjustments.

Your supplier is responsible for registering you as the owner.

Please check with your supplier to be sure he has done so; also send in your Consumer Product Ownership Registration Card. If you move, or if you are not the original purchaser, please write to us, stating model and serial numbers.

This appliance must be registered. Please be certain that it is.

Write to:

GE Appliances
Range Product Service
Appliance Park
Louisville, KY 40225

If you received a damaged oven...

Immediately contact the dealer (or builder) that sold you the oven.

Save time and money. Before you request service...

Check the Problem Solver in the back of this book. It lists causes of minor operating problems that you can correct yourself.

All these things are normal with your microwave oven.

- Steam or vapor escaping from around the door.
- Light reflection around door or outer case.
- Dimming oven light and change in blower sound may occur while operating at power levels other than high.
- Dull thumping sound while oven is operating.
- Some TV-Radio interference might be noticed while using your microwave oven. It's similar to the interference caused by other small appliances and does not indicate a problem with your oven.

If you need service...

To obtain service, see the Consumer Services page in the back of this book.

We're proud of our service and want you to be pleased. If for some reason you are not happy with the service you receive, here are three steps to follow for further help.

FIRST, contact the people who serviced your appliance. Explain why you are not pleased. In most cases, this will solve the problem.

NEXT, if you are still not pleased, write all the details—including your phone number—to:

Manager, Consumer Relations
GE Appliances
Appliance Park
Louisville, KY 40225

FINALLY, if your problem is still not resolved, write:

Major Appliance Consumer
Action Panel
20 North Wacker Drive
Chicago, IL 60606

PRECAUTIONS TO AVOID POSSIBLE EXPOSURE TO EXCESSIVE MICROWAVE ENERGY

(a) **Do Not Attempt** to operate this oven with the door open since open-door operation can result in harmful exposure to microwave energy. It is important not to defeat or tamper with the safety interlocks.

(b) **Do Not Place** any object between the oven front face and the door or allow soil or cleaner residue to accumulate on sealing surfaces.

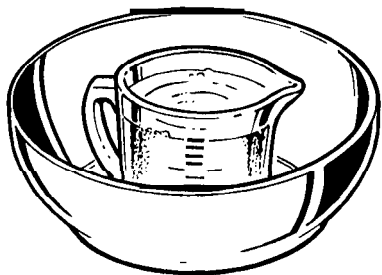
(c) **Do Not Operate** the oven if it is damaged. It is particularly important that the oven door close properly and that there is no damage to the:

- (1) door (bent)
- (2) hinges and latches (broken or loosened)
- (3) door seals and sealing surfaces.

(d) **The Oven Should Not** be adjusted or repaired by anyone except properly qualified service personnel.

Microwaving Tips

• **Make sure all cookware used in your microwave oven is suitable for microwaving.** Most glass casseroles, cooking dishes, measuring cups, custard cups, pottery or china dinnerware which does not have metallic trim or glaze with a metallic sheen can be used. Some cookware is labeled “suitable for microwaving.”



If you are not sure if a dish is microwave-safe, use this test: Place in the oven both the dish you are testing and a glass measuring cup filled with one cup water—set the measuring cup either in or next to the dish. Microwave 1 minute at high. If the dish heats, it should not be used for microwaving. If the dish remains cool and only the water in the cup heats, then the dish is microwave-safe.

• **Paper towels, waxed paper and plastic wrap** can be used to cover dishes in order to retain moisture and prevent spattering. Be sure to vent plastic wrap so steam can escape.

• **Some microwaved foods require stirring, rotating or rearranging.** Check the cookbook that comes with your oven.

• **Steam builds up pressure in foods which are tightly covered by a skin or membrane.** Pierce potatoes, egg yolks and chicken livers to prevent bursting.

If you use a meat thermometer while cooking, make sure it is safe for use in microwave ovens.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Read all instructions before using this appliance.

When using electrical appliances, basic safety precautions should be followed, including the following:

WARNING—To reduce the risk of burns, electric shock, fire, injury to persons or exposure to excessive microwave energy:

• **Use this appliance only for its intended use** as described in this manual.

• **Read and follow** the specific “PRECAUTIONS TO AVOID POSSIBLE EXPOSURE TO EXCESSIVE MICROWAVE ENERGY” on page 2.

• **This appliance must be grounded.** Connect only to properly grounded outlet. See “GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS” on page 29.

• **Use this appliance only for its intended use as described in this manual.** Do not use corrosive chemicals or vapors in this appliance. This microwave oven is specifically designed to heat or cook food, and is not intended for laboratory or industrial use.

• **For best operation, plug this appliance into its own electrical outlet, to prevent flickering of lights, blowing of fuse or tripping of circuit breaker.**

• **Do not mount this appliance over a sink.** Install or locate this appliance only in accordance with the provided Installation Instructions.

• **Be certain to place the front surface of the door three inches or more back from the countertop edge to avoid accidental tipping of the appliance in normal usage.**

• **Do not cover or block any openings on the appliance.**

• **Do not store this appliance outdoors.** Do not use this product near water—for example, in a wet basement or near a swimming pool.

• **Do not immerse power cord or plug in water.**

• **Keep power cord away from heated surfaces.**

• **Do not let power cord hang over edge of table or counter.**

• **Do not operate this appliance if it has a damaged power cord or plug, if it is not working properly, or if it has been damaged or dropped.**

• **Do not operate oven without the turntable and turntable support seated and in place.**

• **Do not allow turntable to be restricted so the turntable cannot rotate.**

• **See door surface cleaning instructions in the Care and Cleaning section(s) of your book.**

• **This appliance should be serviced only by qualified service personnel.** Contact nearest authorized service facility for examination, repair or adjustment.

• **As with any appliance, close supervision is necessary when used by children.**

(continued next page)

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS (continued)

•To reduce the risk of fire in the oven cavity:

—Do not overcook food.

Carefully attend appliance if paper, plastic or other combustible materials are placed inside the oven to facilitate cooking.

—Remove wire twist-ties from paper or plastic bags before placing bags in oven.

—Do not use your microwave oven to dry newspapers.

—Do not use recycled paper products. Recycled paper towels, napkins and waxed paper can contain metal flecks which may cause arcing or ignite. Paper products containing nylon or nylon filaments should be avoided, as they may also ignite.

—Do not pop popcorn in your microwave oven unless in a special microwave popcorn accessory or unless you use popcorn labeled for use in microwave ovens.

—Do not operate the oven while empty to avoid damage to the oven and the danger of fire. If by accident the oven should run empty a minute or two, no harm is done. However, try to avoid operating the oven empty at all times—it saves energy and prolongs the life of the oven.

—Do not overcook potatoes. They could dehydrate and catch fire, causing damage to your oven.

•Do not use the oven for storage purposes. Do not leave paper products, cooking utensils or food in the oven when not in use.

• If materials inside oven should ignite, keep oven door closed, turn oven off, and disconnect power cord, or shut off power at the fuse or circuit breaker panel.

•Some products such as whole eggs and sealed containers—for example, closed jars—will explode and should not be heated in this microwave oven. Such use of the microwave oven could result in injury.

•Avoid heating baby food in glass jars, even without their lids; especially meat and egg mixtures.

•Don't defrost frozen beverages in narrow necked bottles (especially carbonated beverages), Even if the container is opened, pressure can build up. This can cause the container to burst, possibly resulting in injury.

•Use metal only as directed in this book. TV dinners maybe microwaved in foil trays less than 3/4" high; remove top foil cover and return tray to box. When using metal in the microwave oven, **keep metal at least 1 inch away from sides of oven.**

•Cookware may become hot because of heat transferred from the heated food. Pot holders may be needed to handle the cookware.

•Sometimes, the turntable can become too hot to touch. Be careful touching the turntable during and after cooking.

•Foods cooked in liquids (such as pasta) may tend to boil over more rapidly than foods containing less moisture. Should this occur, refer to the Care and Cleaning section(s) for instructions on how to clean the inside of the oven.

•Thermometer—Do not use a thermometer in food you are microwaving unless the thermometer is designed or recommended for use in the microwave oven.

•Plastic cookware—Plastic cookware designed for microwave cooking is very useful, but should be used carefully. Even microwave-safe plastic may not be as tolerant of overcooking conditions as are glass or ceramic materials and may soften or char if subjected to short periods of overcooking. In longer exposures to overcooking, the food and cookware could ignite. For these reasons: 1) Use microwave-safe plastics only and use them in strict compliance with the cookware manufacturer's recommendations. 2) Do not subject empty cookware to microwaving. 3) Do not permit children to use plastic cookware without complete supervision.

•When cooking pork, follow the directions exactly and always cook the meat to an internal temperature of at least 170°F. This assures that, in the remote possibility that trichina may be present in the meat, it will be killed and meat will be safe to eat.

•Do not boil eggs in a microwave oven. Pressure will build up inside egg yolk and will cause it to burst, possibly resulting in injury.

•Foods with unbroken outer "skin" such as potatoes, sausages, tomatoes, apples, chicken livers and other giblets, and egg yolks (see previous caution) should be pierced to allow steam to escape during cooking.

•Not all plastic wrap is suitable for use in microwave ovens. Check the package for proper use.

. **Spontaneous boiling**—Under certain special circumstances, liquids may start to boil during or shortly after removal from the microwave oven. To prevent burns from splashing liquid, stir the liquid briefly before removing the container from the microwave oven.

• **“Boilable” cooking pouches and tightly closed plastic bags** should be slit, pierced or vented as directed by package. If they are not, plastic could burst during or immediately after cooking, possibly resulting in injury. Also, plastic storage containers should be at least partially uncovered because they form a tight seal. When cooking with containers tightly covered with plastic wrap, remove covering carefully and direct steam away from hands and face.

• **Hot foods and steam can cause burns.** Be careful when opening any containers of hot food, including popcorn bags, cooking pouches and boxes. To prevent possible injury, direct steam away from hands and face.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

Program Cooking

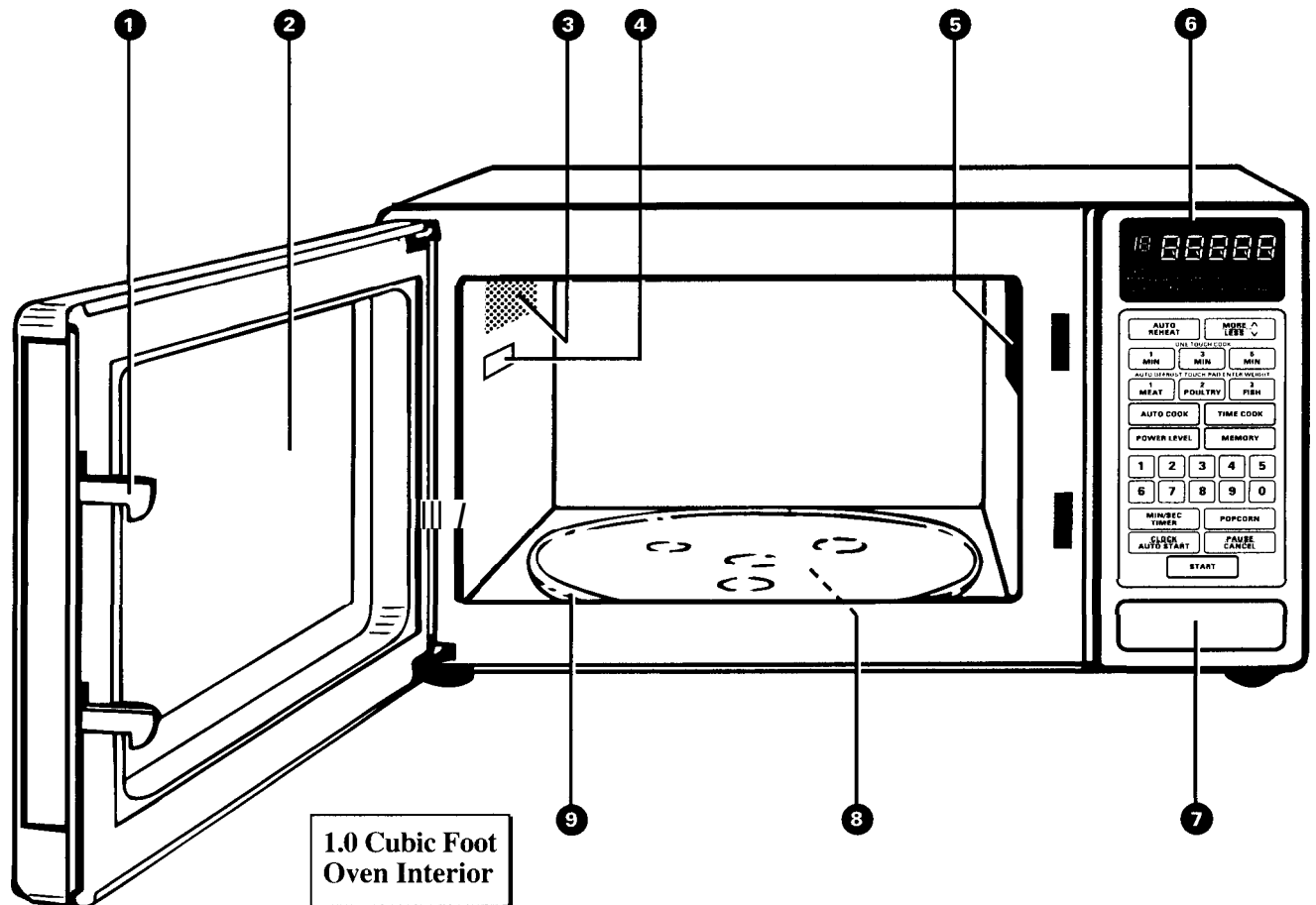
Use your Touch Control Panel to Time Cook with choice of power levels from 1 (lowest) to 10 (highest); to Auto Reheat using a preset time and power level; to cook popcorn using a preset time and power level; to One Touch Cook using one pad for short cooking times; to time kitchen tasks with the Min/Sec Timer; and to set the clock.

Create your own programs to suit your individual cooking style. For example: use the Min/Sec Timer to delay the start of Time Cook. Set Time Cook for a three-stage program using different times and power levels. Use Memory Cooking to store up to three different cooking programs (Time and Power Level) in memory. Auto Time Cook automatically selects cooking times and powers.

Features of Your Oven

Cooking Complete Reminder (For all cooking functions)

To remind you that you have food in the oven, the oven will beep once a minute until you either open the oven door or touch the PAUSE/CANCEL pad.



1. Door Latches.

2. Door Screen. Metal screen permits viewing of foods and keeps microwaves confined inside oven.

3. Oven Vent.

4. Model and Serial Numbers.

5. Oven Interior Light. Turns on when the door is opened or when the oven is operating.

6. Touch Control Panel and Display. See next page for instructions.

7. Door Latch Release. Press latch release button at indent to open door.

8. Removable Turntable Support. Turntable support must be in place when using the turntable. The support may be removed for cleaning.

9. Removable Turntable. Turntable must be in place when using the oven. Cooking performance will be unsatisfactory without the turntable in place. The turntable may be removed for cleaning.

Your Touch Control Panel

The Touch Control Panel allows you to set the oven controls with the touch of a finger. It's designed to be easy to use and understand.

1. DISPLAY. Displays time of day, time counting down during cooking functions, power level, cooking mode and instructions.

2. AUTO REHEAT (MORE/LESS). Touch this pad to automatically reheat most foods.

3. ONE TOUCH COOK. Touch desired pad once to quickly enter a short cooking program of 1, 3 or 5 minutes at power level 10 (HIGH).

4. AUTO DEFROST. Touch the pad of the desired food type, and then enter the food weight using the number pads. The oven automatically sets power levels and defrosting time.

5. AUTO COOK. Use this pad for Auto Time Cooking.

6. POWER LEVEL. Touch this pad to enter a power level if you want to change from automatic power level 10 (HIGH) for cooking.

7. NUMBER PADS. Touch these pads to enter cooking time or temperature, power level, time of day, and Auto Defrost weights.

8. MIN/SEC TIMER. This feature uses no microwave energy. It functions as a kitchen timer, as a holding period after Auto Defrost or as a delay timer before time cooking.

9. CLOCK/AUTO START. Touch this pad to enter time of day or check time of day while microwaving. Use this pad to program your oven to begin cooking at a desired time of day.

To set clock, first touch CLOCK/AUTO START pad and then enter time of day. For example, if time is 1:30, touch number pads 1, 3, and 0 and "1:30" will appear in display. Then touch CLOCK/AUTO START pad. To reset or change time, simply repeat above process.

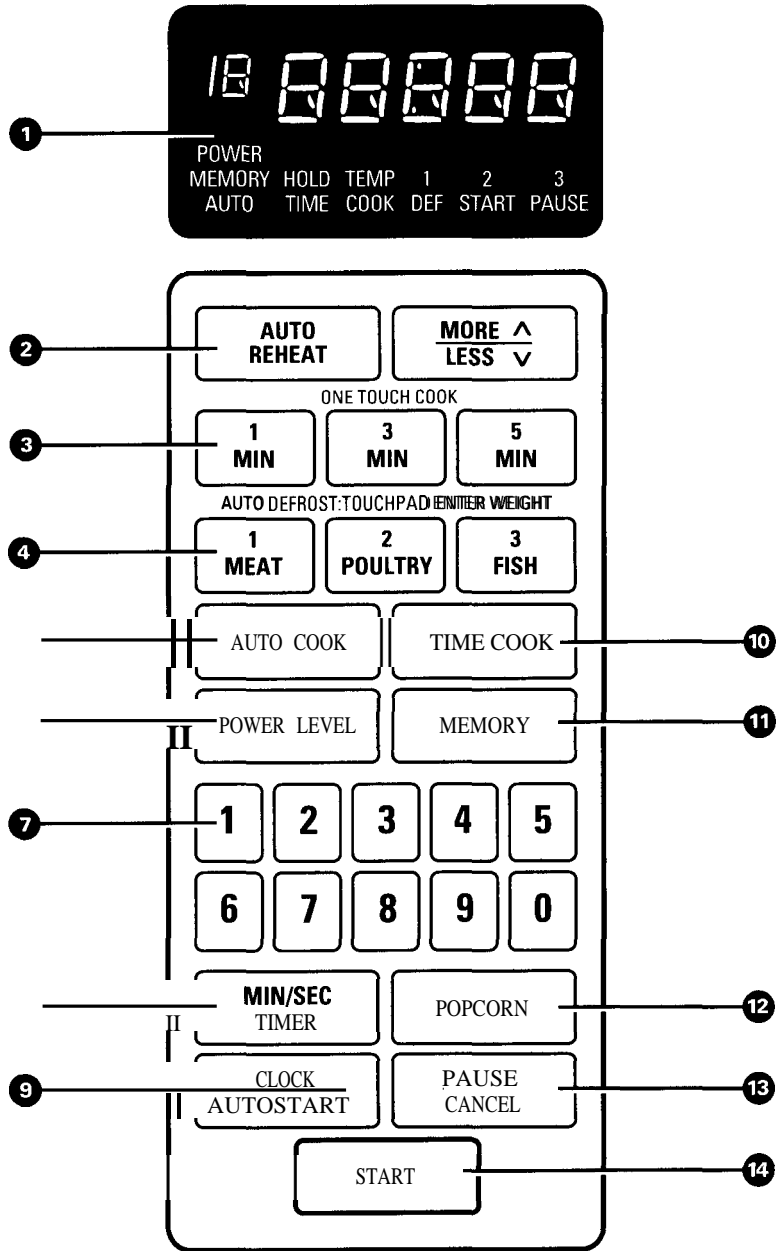
10. TIME COOK. Program up to 3 stages of memory cooking. Microwave for a desired amount of time or temperature using automatic power level 10 (HIGH), or change power level after entering cooking time.

11. MEMORY. Touch this pad to program recipes into the memory, or to recall your preprogrammed memory cooking.

12. POPCORN. Cook prepackaged microwave popcorn by just pressing this pad.

13. PAUSE/CANCEL. Touch this pad once to stop microwave cooking. Remaining cooking time will appear on display. Touch START to resume cooking, or touch PAUSE/CANCEL again to erase the cooking program. Time of day will appear on display.

14. START. After time or defrost selections, touch this pad to start oven.



How to Use the Minute/Second Timer

The Minute/Second Timer has three timing functions:

- It operates as a minute timer.
- It can be set to delay cooking.
- It can be used as a hold setting after defrosting.

The Minute/Second Timer operates without microwave energy.

How to Time a 3-Minute Phone Call

1. Touch MI N/SEC TIMER pad.
2. Touch number pads 3, 0 and 0 (for 3 minutes and no seconds).
3. Touch START. Display shows time counting down. The timer signals when time is up.

Using a Holding Time

The Minute/Second Timer can also be used to program a “holding time” between microwave cooking functions. The time can range from one second to 99 minutes and 99 seconds. A holding or standing time may be found in some of your own recipes or in the Cooking Guide.

Programming Delayed Cooking

To delay cooking up to 99 minutes and 99 seconds, touch TIME COOK and enter cook time. Touch MIN/SEC TIMER and enter number of minutes to delay cooking. Touch START. Timer will count down to zero and cooking will begin.

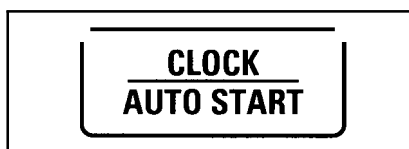
How to Use Auto Start

The Auto Start feature allows you to program your oven to begin cooking at a later time of day—up to a 12-hour delay.

NOTE: The Auto Start feature can only be used to delay the start of a Time Cook program.

To Use Auto Start

Step 1: Enter your desired cooking program.



Step 2: Touch CLOCK/AUTO START pad (instead of START pad).

Step 3: Enter the time you want the oven to start. (Be sure your microwave oven clock shows the correct time of day.)

Step 4: Touch START pad. The oven will automatically start at the desired time.

IMPORTANT: Any food cooked using the Auto Start feature to delay the start time should be very cold or frozen before it is placed into the microwave oven. **MOST UNFROZEN FOOD SHOULD NOT STAND AT ROOM TEMPERATURE FOR MORE THAN TWO HOURS BEFORE COOKING STARTS.**

Recommended foods: vegetables, fruits, smoked or frozen meats. Avoid foods such as milk, eggs, cooked meats, poultry or fish, and items containing uncooked yeast or baking powder.

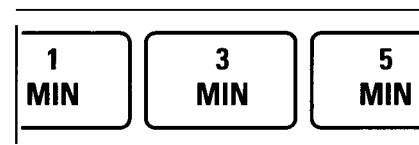
One Touch Cook

With this feature, you can quickly program a short cooking operation with the touch of one pad.

NOTE: Oven operation begins automatically, without your having to touch the START pad.

To Use One Touch Cook

Step 1: Place food in oven in microwave-safe dish.



Step 2: Touch the desired ONE TOUCH COOK pad. Oven operation will start.

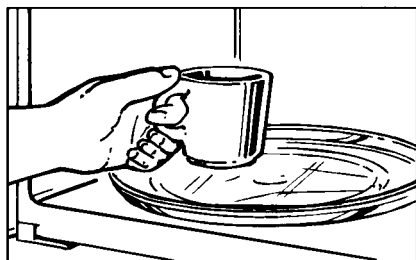
Step 3: When time is up, the oven signals and “End” flashes.

Cooking by Time

Time Cook allows you to microwave for a selected amount of time.

Power level 10 (High) is recommended for most cooking, but you may program up to 3 cooking stages, varying the power level for each stage if desired. See your Cooking Guide.

To become better acquainted with time cooking, make a cup of coffee by following the steps below.



Step 1: Fill a cup 2/3 full of water, add 1 teaspoon of instant coffee and stir to dissolve. Use a cup that has no metal decoration and is microwave-safe (refer to Microwaving Tips in the Safety Instructions section). Place cup in oven and close door.

TIME COOK

Step 2: Touch TIME COOK pad.

Step 3: Select your time. Touch 1, 0 and 0 pads for one minute.

Because automatic power level 10 is recommended for this cup of coffee, there is no need to change the power level. (If power level 10 is not appropriate, see "How to Change Power Level" at right.)

Step 4: Touch START.

Step 5: When time is up, the oven signals and flashes "End." Oven, light and fan shut off.

Step 6: Open the door.

Using 2 & 3 Stage Cooking Feature

The Time Cook feature lets you set up to three time cooking functions within one program. This is ideal if you want to change power levels during your cooking operations. Here's how to do it.

Step 1: Place food in oven in microwave-safe container and close the door.

TIME COOK

Step 2: Touch TIME COOK.

Step 3: Select your first cook time. For example, touch 2, 1 and 5 for two minutes and 15 seconds.

Step 4: Touch TIME COOK.

Step 5: Set your second cook time.

How to Change Power Level

After setting cooking time, touch POWER LEVEL pad, then touch desired number for new power level.

Step 6: Touch START.

Step 7: "POWER 10" is displayed and "TIME COOK 1" counts down.

Step 8: At the end of "TIME COOK 1," the second power level is displayed and "TIME COOK 2" is shown counting down.

Step 9: When time is up, the oven signals and flashes "End." The oven, light and fan shut off.

Step 10: Open the door.

To program cooking stage 3, simply repeat the steps for programming stage 2.

Questions and Answers

Q. I set my oven for the time called for in the recipe, but at the end of the time allowed, my food wasn't done. What happened?

A. Since house power varies due to time or location, many time cooking recipes give you a time range to prevent overcooking. Set the oven for minimum time, test the food for doneness, and cook your food a little longer, if necessary.

Q. I touched the number pads and selected my power level. When I touched START, however, my oven didn't come on. Why not?

A. The TIME COOK pad must be touched before setting the number pads or else your oven will not begin cooking.

Q. I want to cook on a power level other than High. What do I need to do?

A. To change the power level, touch the POWER LEVEL pad, then touch desired number for new power level.

Q. Can I interrupt Time Cook to check the food?

A. Yes. To resume cooking, simply close the door and press the START pad. The timer must be reset for cooking to resume unless time is remaining on timer.

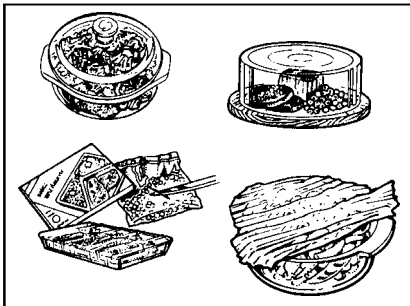
Auto Reheat

Auto Reheat allows you to reheat some of your favorite foods without having to select cooking time and power level. The oven does it automatically

By actually sensing the steam that escapes as food heats, this feature automatically adjusts the oven's heating time to various types and amounts of pre-cooked food.

Because all cooking containers must be covered during automatic reheating, this feature is best with foods you want to steam or retain moisture.

Foods Recommended

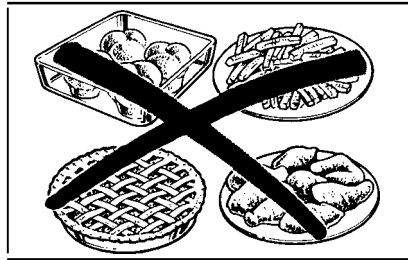


A wide variety of previously prepared foods including leftovers can be Auto Reheated. Auto Reheat is recommended for single-servings of food or plates of leftovers.

Auto Reheat Guide

Category	Recipe	VolumeReference
1	Room Temperature Soups, Sauces	6-8 oz.
2	Refrigerated Soups, Sauces	6-8 oz.
3	Refrigerated Leftovers	8 oz
4	Frozen Dinner, Entree	10-12 oz.
5	Refrigerated Baked Goods	2-3 oz

Foods Not Recommended



Bread products, foods that must be reheated uncovered, foods that require constant attention, foods calling for a dry look or crisp surface after reheating should not be Auto Reheated. It is best to use Time Cook.

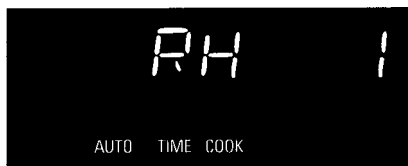
Easy to Use

Simply touch AUTO REHEAT, select the appropriate code number and START.

Example:



Step 1: Place covered food in oven. Touch AUTO REHEAT pad.

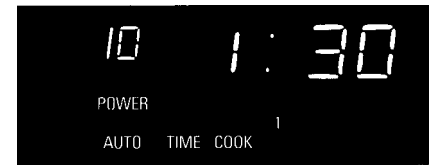


“RH1” and “AUTO TIME COOK” appear on the display.

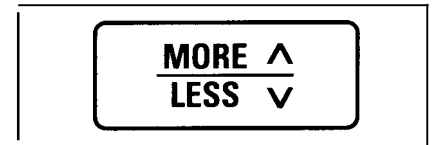


Step 2. Select the desired code number (1 to 5) by tapping AUTO REHEAT. The selected Auto Reheat code number appears on the display.

Step 3. Touch START. Reheating time appears and starts to count down.



When reheating time ends, oven beeps 4 times and shuts off automatically. Time of day appears on the display.



If the quantity of food being cooked is slightly more or less than the amount indicated in the Auto Reheat Guide, use MORE/LESS pad.



Touch once and the “more” indicator appears above “AUTO.”



Touch twice and the “less” indicator appears. Touch pad again to return to normal cooking.

Auto Reheat (continued)

Containers and Covers

Appropriate containers and coverings help assure good reheating results.

- Always use microwave-safe containers **and cover them with lids, wax paper or plastic wrap.** Wonder if it's microwave safe? Put it to the test described in the Microwaving Tips section.
- Never use tight-sealing plastic lids—they can prevent steam from escaping and cause poor reheating results.
- Match the amount of food to the size of the container. Fill containers at least half full for best results.
- **Be sure the outside of the cooking container and the inside of the microwave oven are dry** before placing food in the oven. Beads of moisture turning into steam can mislead the sensor.



Use microwave-safe casseroles or bowls. Cover with lids that fit. If lids are not available, use plastic wrap or wax paper. Plastic wrap should be 100-se-over food to allow for escaping steam. Seal by pressing plastic wrap firmly around edges.

Questions & Answers

Q. If my food is not completely reheated after using Auto Reheat, what should I do?

A. Touch MORE/LESS pad once for additional cooking time.

Q. What if I don't fully cover the dish in Auto Reheat?

A. Oven senses steam too quickly, which shortens the reheating time and leaves food too cool. Cover tightly and reset Auto Reheat.

Q. Do the shapes and sizes of food make a difference **when using Auto Reheat?**

A. Yes, in some cases, larger pieces will require additional Time Cooking. Be sure to check suggested arrangement of pieces in the dish, since proper arrangement is often a successful tip in regular microwaving.

Q. Are there any other foods which are reheated best using Time Cook, rather than Auto Reheat?

A. Bakery foods, candies, melted chocolate or foods when a dry or crisp surface is desirable, are reheated best by Time Cook.

Q. Would my plastic containers with very tight fitting lids be appropriate for Auto Reheat?

A. No, most types of plastic storage dishes, butter tubs, etc. with tight fitting lids are not recommended for microwaving. Also tight fitting plastic lids may prevent adequate steam from escaping and food may not heat properly during Auto Reheat.

Q. I tried to warm some chow mein noodles using Auto Reheat. Why didn't this work?

A. Food must have some moisture in order to create steam which helps the auto sensor function. Extremely dry foods such as chow mein noodles, potato chips and other such foods do not have enough moisture.

Q. May I use Auto Reheat when I am reheating many foods in more than one dish or casserole?

A. No. Because of different food densities, attention needed during reheating, and food amounts, it is best to use Time Cook when reheating many foods.

Auto Defrost

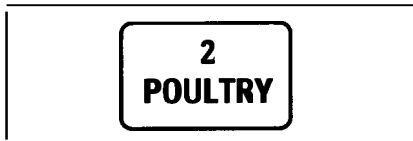
With the Auto Defrost feature, the oven automatically sets the defrosting times and power levels for you.

Use the Auto Defrost guide on the next page. Select the food type by touching the appropriate pad. Enter the food weight in pounds and tenths of a pound (see Conversion Guide at right). Then touch START pad.

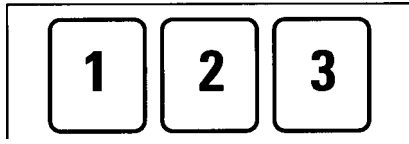
The oven calculates defrosting time and changes power levels during defrosting to give even defrosting results.

How to Set Auto Defrost

1. Remove food from its package, place in the oven on a microwave-safe dish and close the door.



2. Touch the appropriate Auto Defrost pad for the food that you are defrosting. For example, touch the 2 POULTRY pad.



3. Enter weight. For example, touch number pads 1 and 2 for weight of 1.2 pounds (1 pound, 2 ounces. See Conversion Guide at right.)



4. Touch START pad. Display shows the oven power level and defrost time counting down.

When defrosting time is completed, "End" flashes and the oven beeps 4 times. Oven, light and fan shut off.

Stand Time

After Auto Defrosting, meat needs to stand in order to let the inside defrost. You may take the food out of the oven if you wish. Stand time recommendations are given in the guide on the next page.

Conversion Guide

If the weight of the food is stated in pounds and ounces, the ounces must be converted to tenths (.1) of a pound.

Ounces	Pounds
1-2	.1
3	.2
4-5	.3
6-7	.4
8	.5
9-10	.6
11	.7
12-13	.8
14-15	.9

Auto Defrost Guide

1. Unwrap item being defrosted.
2. Place roasts and whole poultry on trivet in microwave-safe dish. Check food for warm spots halfway through defrosting, and shield these areas with small pieces of foil.

RECOMMENDED FOODS	MIN.-MAX. WEIGHT	INSTRUCTIONS	STAND TIME
Meat			
Chops	0.1 - 5.0 lbs.	Separate, turn over and shield where necessary.	15-30 minutes
Frankfurters, Sausage	0.1 -5.0 lbs.	Separate and remove defrosted pieces.	10-15 minutes
Ground Meat	0.1 -5.0 lbs.	Turn over, remove defrosted areas and break apart.	15-30 minutes
Beef Patties	0.1 -5.0 lbs.	Turn over and separate patties. Remove defrosted pieces.	1 5-30 minutes
Roast	0.1 -5.0 lbs.	Turn over and shield.	30-90 minutes
Ribs	0.1 -5.0 lbs.	Separate, turn over and remove defrosted pieces. Shield if necessary.	1 5-30 minutes
Steak	0.1 -5.0 lbs.	Turn over and shield.	15-30 minutes
Stew	0.1 - 5.0 lbs.	Separate and remove defrosted pieces.	15-30 minutes
Poultry			
Whole Chicken	0.1 -5.0 lbs.	Turn over and shield.	15-30 minutes; run cold water in cavity.
Turkey Breast (breast side up)	0.1 -5.0 lbs.	Turn over and shield.	60-90 minutes in refrigerator
Chicken Pieces	0.1 -5.0 lbs.	Separate and remove defrosted pieces.	15-30 minutes
Cornish Hens (whole)	0.1 -5.0 lbs.	Turn over and shield where necessary.	10-20 minutes; run cold water in cavity.
Cornish Hens (split)	0.1 -5.0 lbs.	Turn over and shield.	10-20 minutes
Fish			
Fish Fillets	0.1 - 3.0 lbs.	Separate and remove defrosted pieces.	15-30 minutes
Shrimp, Scallops	0.1 - 3.0 lbs.	Separate and remove defrosted pieces.	15-30 minutes
Whole Fish	0.1 -3.0 lbs.	Turn over and shield tail and head.	1 5-30 minutes; hold under cold running water.

Edges or thin areas of meat will defrost more rapidly than other areas. After first or second signal, shield warm areas with small pieces of foil.

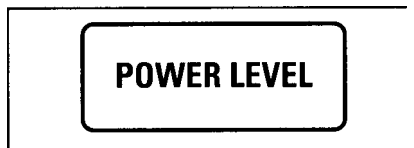
Memory Cooking

You can store up to three different cooking programs (Time and Power Level) in Memory.

Memory Entry



Step 1. Touch TIME COOK pad and enter the desired time by touching the appropriate number pads. Power level will be 10.



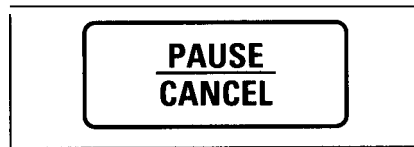
Step 2. Touch POWER LEVEL pad and then the appropriate number pad for the desired power level if Power Level 10 is not desired.



Step 3. Touch MEMORY pad.



Step 4. Touch START pad. The program is now stored in memory.



NOTE: If you do not wish to run this program at this time, touch PAUSE/CANCEL pad.

To store a second program follow Steps 1 and 2 and touch MEMORY pad twice. Touch START to store the program in memory.

To store a third program follow Steps 1 and 2 and touch MEMORY pad three times.

Memory Recall

Step 1. Touch MEMORY pad one, two or three times depending on which program you desire.

Step 2. Touch START pad.

Popcorn



Step 1. Touch POPCORN pad.

Step 2. Power level and cooking time appear on the display one minute before cooking time begins to count down to end.

IMPORTANT: Only pop one 3.5-ounce bag of microwave-only popcorn at one time. Do not leave oven unattended while cooking popcorn. Turn oven off and carefully remove bag if popcorn begins to overcook before cooking time has elapsed.

Step 2 - "Start"

How to Set Auto Time Cook

Auto Time Cook allows you to cook most of your favorite foods without having to select cooking times and power levels. The oven does it automatically.



Step 1. Touch AUTO COOK pad.

Step 2. Select the appropriate code number (1 to 3), by tapping the AUTO COOK pad. The selected Auto Time Cook code number appears on the display.

Example: To set Auto 1, touch AUTO COOK pad once.

NOTE: Auto 1 : 5 Slices Bacon
Auto 2 : 5 Hot Dogs
Auto 3 : 4 Hamburgers



Step 3: Touch START pad. Oven will operate automatically according to the selected Auto Time Cooking. The preprogrammed cooking time automatically appears and begins to count down. When the Auto Time Cooking ends, oven shuts off automatically and beeps four times to indicate end of cycle. Time of day appears in the display.

Glossary of Microwave Terms

When adapting recipes for the microwave, it is best to start with a familiar recipe. Knowing how the food should look and taste will help when adapting recipes for microwaving. Foods that require browning or crisp, dry surfaces will cook better conventionally.

- Moist foods, such as vegetables, fruits, poultry and seafood, microwave well.
- Rich foods, such as bar cookies, moist cakes and candies, are suitable for microwaving because of their high fat and sugar content.
- Reduce conventional cooking time by one-half to one-third. Check food after minimum time to avoid overcooking.
- Small amounts of butter or oil can be used for flavoring, but are not needed to prevent sticking.
- Seasonings may need to be reduced. Salt meats and vegetables after cooking.

Covering. In both conventional and microwave cooking, covers hold in moisture, allow for more even heating and reduce cooking time. Conventionally, partial covering allows excess steam to escape. Venting plastic wrap or covering with wax paper serves the same purpose when microwaving.

Venting. After covering a dish with plastic wrap, you vent the plastic wrap by turning back one corner so excess steam can escape.

Arranging Food in Oven. In conventional baking, you position foods, such as cake layers or potatoes, so hot air can flow around them. When microwaving, you arrange foods in a ring, so that all sides are exposed to microwave energy.

Stirring. In range-top cooking, you stir foods up from the bottom to heat them evenly. When microwaving, you stir cooked portions from the outside to the center. Foods that require constant stirring conventionally will need only occasional stirring when microwaving.

Turning Over. In range-top cooking, you turn over foods, such as hamburgers, so both sides can directly contact the hot pan. When microwaving, turning is often needed during defrosting or when cooking certain foods, such as frozen hamburgers.

Standing Time. In conventional cooking, foods such as roasts or cakes are allowed to stand to finish cooking or to set. Standing time is especially important in microwave cooking. Note that a microwaved cake is not placed on a cooling rack.

Shielding. In a conventional oven, you shield chicken breasts or baked foods to prevent over-browning. When microwaving, you use small strips of foil to shield thin parts, such as the tips of wings and legs on poultry, which would cook before larger parts.

Arcing. Sparks caused by too much metal in the microwave oven or metal touching the side of the oven or foil that is not molded to food.

Prick Foods to Release Pressure. Steam builds up pressure in foods that are tightly covered by a skin or membrane. Prick foods, such as potatoes (as you do conventionally), egg yolks and chicken livers, to prevent bursting.

Rotating. Occasionally, repositioning a dish in the oven helps food cook more evenly. To rotate 1/2 turn, turn the dish until the side that was to the back of the oven is to the front. To rotate 1/4 turn, turn the dish until the side that was to the back of the oven is to the side.

Basic Microwave Guidelines

Density of Food. In both conventional and microwave cooking, dense foods, such as potatoes, take longer to cook than light, porous foods, such as rolls, bread or pieces of cake.

Round Shapes. Since microwaves penetrate foods to about one inch from top, bottom and sides, round shapes and rings cook more evenly. Corners receive more energy and may overcook. This may also happen when cooking conventionally.

Delicacy. Foods with a delicate texture, such as custards, are best cooked at lower power settings to avoid toughening.

Natural Moisture of food affects how it cooks. Very moist foods cook evenly because microwave energy is attracted to water molecules. Food that is uneven in moisture should be covered or allowed to stand so heat can disperse evenly.

Piece Size. Small pieces cook faster than large ones. Pieces that are similar in size and shape cook more evenly. With large pieces of food, reduce the power setting for even cooking.

Shape of Food. In both types of cooking, thin areas cook faster than thick areas. This can be controlled in microwaving by placing thick pieces near the outside edge and thin pieces in the center.

Starting Temperature. Foods taken from the freezer or refrigerator take longer to cook than foods at room temperature. Timings in our recipes are based on the temperatures at which you normally store the foods.

Quantity of Food. In both types of cooking, small amounts usually take less time than large amounts. This is most apparent in microwave cooking, where time is directly related to the number of servings.

Shelf (on models so equipped). Use the shelf to heat more than one dish at one time. Take the shelf out when you are not using it.

Microwave Cookware Guide & Microwave Adapting

Type of Cookware	Microwave Uses
Foil-lined paper bags and boxes	Avoid using.
Foil baking trays	You can use foil trays that are no higher than 3/4-in. (Foil or metal will reflect microwaves and cause uneven heating.) Arcing can occur if foil is closer than 1 inch to oven walls.
Aluminum foil	Use for shielding.
Metal or partially metal pots, pans, thermometers, skewers and twist ties	Do not use. Microwave-safe thermometers and skewers are available.
Glass jars and bottles	Generally, glass jars can be used to warm food. However, do not heat baby food in jars, even without lids, because food will heat unevenly. Do not warm foods in narrow-necked bottles because pressure can build up.
Microwave plastics	Cooking and heating.
Paper or Styrofoam plates and cups	Heating and serving of foods and beverages. Styrofoam will melt if food is too hot or if food is cooked for a long time.
Oven glass and ceramic	Cooking and heating.
Dinnerware	Heating and some cooking. Follow dinnerware manufacturer's recommendations. Avoid using dishes with metal trim.
Paper towels, paper napkins and wax paper	Absorbing moisture, and preventing spatters. Heating and serving of sandwiches or appetizers. Light covering to hold in steam. Do not use paper towels that have synthetic fibers, such as nylon, woven into them. Synthetic fibers may cause the towel to ignite. Avoid using recycled paper.
Plastic wrap, cooking bags, boil-in bags and storage bags	Covering to hold in steam (wrap). Cooking (cooking and boil-in bags). Heating (storage bags).
Paperboard trays used for frozen entrees and dinners	Cooking and heating.
Plastic trays and plates used for frozen entrees and dinners	Cooking and heating.
Straw, wicker and wood	Warming.

Cookware Tips

- Always check the cookware manufacturer's recommendations before using any cookware in the oven.
- Before purchasing cookware or preparing food in cookware, check its size to make sure it will fit in the oven.

Heating or Reheating Guide

- Directions below are for heating or reheating already-cooked foods stored in refrigerator or at room temperature. Use microwave-safe cookware.
- Cover most foods for fastest heating. Exceptions are some sandwiches, griddle foods and baked items.
- Bubbling around edges of dish is normal, since the center is the last to heat. Foods heated to 160°F. to 165°F. will provide safe, palatable results. Adjust temperatures to suit your personal taste. Let foods stand a few minutes before serving.

- Be sure foods are heated throughout before serving. Steaming or bubbling around edges of dish does not necessarily mean food is heated throughout.

If you use a meat thermometer while cooking, make sure it is safe for use in microwave ovens.

Item	Amount	Power Level	Time
Appetizers			
Dips: cream or processed cheese	1/2 cup	Medium (5)	2½ to 3½ min.
	1 cup	Medium (5)	3 to 5 min.
Pastry bites: small pizzas, egg rolls, etc.	2 to 4 servings	High (10)	2 to 4 min.
Saucy: meatballs, riblets, cocktail franks, etc. (1/2 cup per serving)	1 to 2 servings	High (10)	2 to 4 min.
	3 to 4 servings	High (10)	3 to 5 min.
Tip: Cover saucy appetizers with wax paper. Cover dips with plastic wrap. Microwave pastry bites uncovered to retain their crispness.			

Bakery Foods

Cake, coffee cake, doughnuts, sweet rolls, nut or fruit bread	1 piece	Low (3)	1/4 to 1/2 min.
	2 pieces	Low (3)	1 to 1½ min.
	4 pieces	Low (3)	1½ to 2 min.
	9-in. cake or 12 rolls or doughnuts	Low (3)	4 to 5 min.
Dinner rolls, muffins	1	Medium (5)	1/4 to 1/2 min.
	2	Medium (5)	1/2 to 1 min.
	4	Medium (5)	1 to 1½ min.
	6 to X	Medium (5)	1 to 2 min.
Pie: fruit, nut or custard 1 slice=1/8 of 9-in. pie (use minimum time for custard)	1 slice	High (10)	1/2 to 1 min.
	2 slices	High (10)	1 to 1½ min.
	4 slices	Meal-High (7)	2½ to 3 min.
	9-in. pie	Meal-High (7)	5 to 7 min.

Beverages

Cocoa, other milk based (6 oz./cup) (9 oz./cup)	1 to 2 cups	Meal-High (7)	3 to 6 min.
	1 to 2 cups	Meal-High (7)	5 to 7 min.
Coffee, tea, cider (6 oz./cup) (9 oz./cup)	1 to 2 cups	High (10)	1½ to 3 min.
	1 to 2 cups	High (10)	3 to 5 min.

Gravies & Sauces

Desserts: chocolate, butterscotch, etc.	1/2 cup	High (10)	1 to 1½ min.
	1 cup	High (10)	1½ to 2½ min.
Gravies: giblet or creamy	1/2 cup	High (10)	1 to 2 min.
	1 cup	High (10)	2 to 3 min.
Meat or main dish sauces, such as spaghetti sauce, etc.	1/2 cup	High (10)	1½ to 2 min.
	1 cup	High (10)	3 to 4 min.
	1 can (16 oz.)	High (10)	4 to 6 min.

Tip: Cover food to prevent spattering.

Griddle Foods

Pancakes, french toast or waffles:			
Plain, no topping	2 or 3 pieces	High (10)	1 to 1½ min.
Syrup & butter	2 or 3 pieces	High (10)	1 to 1¼ min.

Tip: Do not cover.

Heating or Reheating Guide (continued)

Item	Amount	Power Level	Time
Meats and Main Dishes			
Chicken pieces	1 to 2 pieces 3 to 4 pieces	High (10) High (10)	2 to 3 min. 3 to 4 min.
Hamburgers or meatloaf (4 oz. per serving)	1 to 2 servings 3 to 4 servings	High (10) High (10)	1½ to 2 min. 2½ to 3½ min.
Hot dogs and sausages	1 to 2 3 to 4	High (10) High (10)	1 to 1¼ min. 1¼ to 3 min.
Rice and pasta (2/3-3/4 cup per serving)	1 to 2 servings	High (10)	1 to 3 min.
Saucy, main dishes: chop suey, spaghetti, creamed chicken, chili, stew, macaroni and cheese, etc. (¾-1 cup per serving)	1 to 2 servings 3 to 4 servings 1 can (16 oz.)	High (10) High (10) High (10)	4 to 7 min. 8 to 12 min. 6 to 8 min.
Steaks, chops, ribs, meat pieces	1 to 2 servings 3 to 4 servings	Meal-High (7) Meal-High (7)	2½ to 4 min. 6 to 8 min.
Thinly-sliced meat (3 to 4 oz. per serving)	1 to 2 servings 3 to 4 servings	Meal-High (7) Meal-High (7)	3 to 5 min. 5 to 8 min.
Topped or mixed with sauce (2/3-¾ cup per serving)	1 to 2 servings 3 to 4 servings	High (10) High (10)	4 to 6 min. 8 to 12 min.
Tip: Cover saucy main dishes with plastic wrap. Cover other main dishes and meats with wax paper. When heating or reheating 3 to 4 servings of meat slices or pieces, rotate dish 1/2 turn after half of cooking time.			
Plate of Leftovers			
Meat plus 2 vegetables	1 plate	High (10)	3 to 5 min.
Tip: Cover plate of food with wax paper or plastic wrap.			
Sandwiches			
Meat-cheese filling: with 2 slices of bread	1 to 2 servings 3 to 4 servings	Meal-High (7) Meal-High (7)	2 to 4 min. 4 to 6 min.
Moist filling: Sloppy Joes, barbecue, ham salad, etc. in bun (1/3 cup per serving)	1 to 2 servings 3 to 4 servings	Meal-High (7) Meal-High (7)	2 to 4 min. 4 to 6 min.
Tip: Use paper towel or napkin to cover sandwiches.			
soups			
Milk-based (6 oz. per serving)	1 to 2 servings 3 to 4 servings 1 can (10 oz.)	Meal-High (7) Meal-High (7) Meal-High (7)	4 to 7 min. 9 to 13 min. 7 to 9 min.
Water-based (6 oz. per serving)	1 to 2 servings 3 to 4 servings 1 can (10 oz.)	High (10) High (10) High (10)	2 to 6 min. 6 to 10 min. 5 to 6 min.
Tip: Cover soups with wax paper or plastic wrap.			
Vegetables			
Large pieces or whole: asparagus spears, corn on the cob, etc.	1 to 2 servings 3 to 4 servings 1 can (16 oz.)	High (10) High (10) High (10)	1½ to 3 min. 3 to 6 min. 5 to 6 min.
Mashed (1/2 cup per serving)	1 to 2 servings 3 to 4 servings	High (10) High (10)	2 to 4 min. 6 to 8 min.
Small pieces: peas, beans, corn, etc. (1/2 cup per serving)	1 to 2 servings 3 to 4 servings 1 can (16 oz.)	High (10) High (10) High (10)	1 to 2½ min. 2½ to 3½ min. 3½ to 4½ min.
Tip: Cover vegetables for most even heating.			

Defrosting Guide

1. Food packaged in paper or plastic may be defrosted without unwrapping. If food is foil wrapped, remove foil and place food in cooking dish for defrosting. Most food defrosts well using Defrost (3). For more even defrosting of larger foods, such as beef, lamb and veal roasts, use Warm (1).
2. After first half of defrosting time, unwrap package and check food. Turn food over, if necessary; break apart or separate food if possible. Shield any warm areas with small pieces of foil.
3. Be sure large meats are completely defrosted before cooking.
4. When defrosted, food should be cool but softened in all areas. If still slightly icy, return to microwave oven very briefly, or let stand a few minutes.

Food	<u>First Half</u> Time, Min.	<u>Second Half</u> Time, Min.	Comments
Breads, Cakes [Power Level: Defrost (3)]			
Bread, buns or rolls (8 to 16 oz.)	2 to 3	1 to 2	Remove metal twist tie. Turn over after first half of time.
Cake, frosted, 2 to 3 layer (17 oz.)	2 to 3	none	Let stand 5 to 10 minutes before serving.
Cake, plain, 1 layer	2 to 3	none	Let stand 5 minutes before serving.
Cheesecake, plain or fruit-topped (17 to 19 oz.)	3 to 6	none	
Coffee cakes (11 to 14 1/4 oz.)	6 to 7	none	
Cream or custard pie (14 oz.)	1 to 2	1 to 2	Reposition after first half of time. Let stand 5 minutes before serving.
Crunch cakes & cupcakes	1/2 to 3/4 each	none	
Doughnuts (1 or 2) (4 to 6)	1/2 to 1 1 to 2	none 1 to 2	Rearrange after first half of time.
French toast (2 slices)	2	1	Turn over after first half of time.
Fruit or nut pie (8 in.)	7 to 9	none	
Pound cake (11 1/4 oz.)	2 to 4	none	Let stand 5 minutes before serving.
Sweet rolls (8 1/4 to 12 oz.)	2 to 3	2 to 3	Rearrange after first half of time.

Fish & Seafood [Power Level: Defrost (3)]

Filletts:			
Pre-packaged (1 lb.)	4 to 5	5 to 7	Place unopened package in oven. (If fish is frozen in water, place in cooking dish.) Turn package over after first half of time. After second half of time, hold under cold water to separate.
Freshly frozen (1 lb.)	4 to 5	5 to 7	
Shellfish, blocks:			
Crab meat (6-oz. package)	2	2	Place block in casserole. Turn over and break up with fork after first half of time.
Oysters (12-oz. can)	4 to 6	4 to 6	Place block in casserole. Break up with fork after first half of time.
Scallops (1-lb. package)	4 to 6	4 to 6	Place block in casserole. Turn over and break up after first half of time.
Shellfish, large:			
Crab legs, 1 to 2 (8 to 10 oz.)	2 to 3	2 to 3	Arrange in cooking dish with light-underside-up. Turn over after first half of time.
Lobster tails, 1 to 2 (6 to 9 oz.)	3 to 4	3 to 4	Arrange in cooking dish, with meaty-side-down. Turn over after first half of time.
Shellfish, small pieces (1 lb.)	3 to 4	3 to 4	Spread shellfish in single layer in baking dish. Rearrange pieces after first half of time.
Steaks (6 to 12 oz.)	2 to 3	none	Let stand a few minutes to finish defrosting.
Whole fish (8 to 10 oz.)	3	2 to 4	Place fish in cooking dish. Turn over after first half of time. After second half of time, rinse cavity with cold water to complete defrosting.

Defrosting Guide (continued)

Food	<u>First Half</u> <u>Time, Min.</u>	<u>Second Half</u> <u>Time, Min.</u>	Comments
Fruit [Power Level: Defrost (3)]			
Fresh (10 to 16 oz.)	2 to 3	2 to 3	Place package in oven. Remove foil or metal. After minimum time, break up with fork. Repeat if necessary.
Plastic pouch—1 to 2 (10-oz. package)	1 to 3	3 to 4	Place package in oven. Flex package once.
Meat [Power Level: Defrost (3)]			
Bacon (1 lb.)	2 to 3 per lb.	2 to 3 per lb.	Place unopened package in oven. Let stand 5 minutes after defrosting.
Franks (1 lb.)	2 to 3	2 to 3	Place unopened package in oven. Microwave just until franks can be separated. Let stand 5 minutes, if necessary, to complete defrosting.
Ground: beef & pork (1 lb.)	3 to 4	3 to 4	Turn meat over after first half of time.
(2 lbs.)	6 to 7	6 to 7	Turn meat over after first half of time. Scrape off softened meat after second half of time. Set aside. Break up remaining block and microwave 1 to 2 minutes more.
(5 lbs.)	12 to 13	12 to 13	Turn meat over after first half of time. Scrape off softened meat after second half of time. Set aside. Microwave 6 to 8 minutes inure. Scrape and set aside. Break up remaining block and microwave 3 to 5 minutes more.
Roast: beef, lamb, veal* (3 to 4 lbs.)	X to 10 per lb.	X to 10 per lb.	Place unwrapped roast in cooking dish. Turn roast over after first half of time. Defrost for second half of time. Let stand for 30 minutes to 1 hour in refrigerator.
Roast, pork (3 to 4 lbs.)	6 to X per lb.	4 to 6 per lb.	Place unwrapped roast in cooking dish. Turn roast over after first half of time. Defrost for second half of time. Let stand for 30 minutes to 1 hour in refrigerator.
Sausage, bulk (1-lb. tray)	2 to 3	2 to 4	Turn over after first half of time. Let stand 5 minutes.
(1-lb. roll)	2 to 3	3 to 4	Turn over after first half of time. Let stand 15 minutes.
Sausage, links (1 to 1 1/2 lbs.)	2	1 1/2 to 2 1/2	Rotate package 1/4 turn after first half of time. Let stand 5 minutes.
Sausage, patties (12-02. package)	2	2 to 3	Turn over and separate after first half of time. Remove patties as they thaw.
Spareribs, pork (2 to 3 lbs.)	2 to 4 per lb.	2 to 4 per lb.	Place unwrapped ribs in cooking dish. Turn over after first half of time. After second half of time, separate pieces with table knife. Let stand to complete defrosting.
Steaks, chops & cutlets	3 to 5 per lb.	3 to 5 per lb.	Place unwrapped meat in cooking dish. Turn over after first half of time and shield warm areas with foil. After second half of time, separate pieces with table knife. Let stand to complete defrosting.
*Use Warm (1) for roasts.			
Poultry [Power Level: Defrost (3)]			
Chicken, broiler-fryer, cut up (2 1/2 to 3 lbs.)	9 to 11	9 to 11	Place wrapped chicken in dish. Unwrap and turn over after first half of time. After second half of time, separate pieces and place in cooking dish. Microwave 2 to 4 minutes more, if necessary. Let stand a few minutes to finish defrosting.
Chicken, whole (2 1/2 to 3 lbs.)	12 to 15	12 to 15	Place wrapped chicken in dish. After first half of time, unwrap and turn chicken over. Shield warm areas with foil. To complete defrosting, run cool water in cavity until giblets can be removed.
Cornish hen	5 to 6 per lb.	5 per lb.	Place unwrapped hen in oven breast-side-up. Turn over after first half of time. Run cool water in cavity until giblets can be removed.
Duckling	4 to 6 per lb.	4 to 6 per lb.	Place unwrapped duckling in oven. Turn over after first half of time. Shield warm areas with foil. Run cool water in cavity until giblets can be removed.
Turkey breast (4 to 6 lbs.)	4 to 5 per lb.	4 to 5 per lb.	Place unwrapped breast in microwave-safe dish breast-side-down. After first half of time, turn breast-side-up and shield warm areas with foil. Defrost for second half of time. Let stand 1 to 2 hours in refrigerator to complete defrosting.

Cooking Guide

Breads

Crust on breads will be soft and the outsides will not brown. If desired, sprinkle top of batter with cinnamon-sugar mixture, chopped nuts or other topping for brown color. To increase

brown color on upside down breads, line dish before microwaving with brown sugar-caramel mixture or savory topping, such as crushed, canned, French-fried onion rings.

Food	Container	Cover	Power Level & Time	Comments	
Coffee cakes	8-in. round dish	<i>N()</i>	Meal-High (7)	Y to 1 1 min.	Place batter in greased dish
Corn bread	8- to 9-in. tube dish*	N()	Meal-High (7)	11 to 13 min.	Sprinkle cooking dish with finely chopped, canned, French-fried onions before microwaving. Turn out of pan upside down to serve.
Muffins (1 Muffin) (2 to 4 Muffins) (3 to 6 Muffins)	Paper-lined muffin cups (Do not use foil liners.)	No	High (10)	1 to 1½ min. 1 to 2½ min. 2½ to 4½ min.	Use microwave-safe muffin container or homemade muffin cups, made by cutting down hot drink paper cups. Some muffins may be done before others. Remove muffins as they are done, and continue cooking remaining muffins a few seconds longer.
Quick breads, from a mix	8- to 9-in. tube dish*	No	High (10)	Y to 12 min.	When done, toothpick inserted near center will come out clean. Let stand 15 minutes before turning out of dish. Cool.

*If tube dish is unavailable, microwave in X-in. round dish with drinking glass placed open-end-up in center.

Cakes and Desserts

1. Always use microwave-safe cookware.
2. Before adding measured amount of batter, grease dishes or line them with wax paper. (Do not flour.)
3. Cakes are done when toothpick or long skewer inserted into center comes out clean.

4. Cool cake in dish set directly on heat-proof surface or wooden board 10 to 15 minutes before inverting.
5. Crust on cakes will be soft. If cake is to be frosted, refrigerate cake for an hour to firm exterior surface.
6. Chiffon and angel food cakes are not recommended for microwaving.

Food	Container	Cover	Power Level & Time	Comments	
Baked apples or pears	Microwave-safe dish or casserole	Lid or plastic wrap	High (10)	2 to 4 min. per piece	Pierce fruit or peel to prevent bursting. Core and fill center of apple with 2 tablespoons sugar, 1 teaspoon butter and 1/X teaspoon cinnamon. Add 2 tablespoons water for each piece of fruit.
Bar cookies	X-in. round baking dish	No	High (10)	10 to 13 min.	Grease dish before adding batter. Cut when cool.
Commercial mix 1 X to 20 oz.	X-in. round dish	N()	High (10) Meal-High (7)	2 min. 5 to 7 min.	Grease dish before adding batter. Let stand 5 to 10 minutes to cool before inverting.
Cupcakes—(6)	Paper-lined cupcaker	N()	High (10)	3 to 4 min.	When cooking several cupcakes, some will be done before others. Remove cupcakes as they are done and continue cooking the rest a few seconds longer.
Pineapple upside down cake	X-in. round dish	N()	High (10)	10 to 12 min.	When done, toothpick inserted in center comes out clean. Invert cake onto plate; let dish stand over cake a few minutes.

Cooking Guide (continued)

Candies

1. Always use microwave-safe cookware. For easy clean-up, melt chocolate in paper wrappers seam side up, or place chocolate in paper bowl to melt.

2. Candies which are boiled become very hot; handle cooking container carefully.

Food	Container	Cover	Power Level & Time	Comments
Caramel apples	2-cup measure or 1-qt. casserole	No	High (10) 2 to 3 min.	Unwrap half of a 1/4-oz. package of caramels into measuring cup. Add 1 tablespoon water. Microwave, stirring every minute. Dip 4 apples into mixture.
Chocolate bark	1/2-qt. casserole or bowl	Yes	High (10) 2 to 2 1/2 min	Place 12 oz. semi-sweet chocolate pieces in container. Microwave to melt. Add 1 cup whole toasted almonds. Spread over wax paper on cookie sheet. Chill until firm.
Marshmallow crisp	Large glass bowl	Yes	High (10) 1 min. to melt butter, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2 min. to melt marshmallows	In large glass bowl, melt 1/4 cup butter. Add 10-oz. package marshmallows, cover with wax paper and microwave to melt. Stir in 5 cups crispy rice cereal. Press firmly into buttered 2-qt. oblong glass dish.
S'Mores	Paper napkin or paper plate	No	High (10) 15 to 25 seconds	Cover graham cracker with chocolate and marshmallow.

Cereal and Rice

1. Always use microwave-safe cookware.
 2. For minute rice, use the same amount of water needed for conventional boiling. Add regular amount of salt.
 3. Cover rice while microwaving. When using plastic wrap, turn back one corner to vent.

4. Stir or rearrange after half of cooking time.
 5. Microwave time and conventional boiling time are about the same.

Food	Container	Cover	Power Level & Time	Comments
Oatmeal, old fashioned	1-qt. casserole or bowl	No	High (10) 3 to 5 min. per serving	Increase casserole size for more than one serving. Increase time about 1 1/2 minutes for each additional serving you are cooking. Stir after half of cooking time.
Rice, minute (1 1/2 cups)	2-qt. casserole	Lid or plastic wrap	High (10) 6 to 7 min.	Add 1 1/2 cups water. Stir after 4 minutes.

Note: To microwave single-serving packet of instant oatmeal, follow package directions for amount of water and microwave at High (10) for 1/2 to 1 minute.

Cheese and Eggs

1. Eggs may be prepared many ways in the microwave oven. Always pierce whole yolks before microwaving to prevent bursting.
2. Never cook eggs in the shell. Do not reheat hard cooked eggs in the shell. They will explode.

3. Cook eggs just until set. They are delicate and will toughen if overcooked.

Food	Container	Cover	Power Level & Time	Comments	
Cheese					
Fondue	2-qt. casserole	Cover or plastic wrap	High (10) Medium (5)	To make sauce 5 to 7 min. 6 to 8 min.	Make Basic White Sauce, substituting wine for milk. Add cheese and microwave at Medium (5) for 6 to 8 minutes, whisking every 2 minutes.
Eggs					
Basic Eggs	Buttered custard cup	Plastic wrap	Medium (5)	1 to 1¼ min. per egg	Puncture membrane of yolk to prevent bursting.
Omelet	9-in. pie plate	No	High (10) Medium (5)	Melt butter 1 min. 7 to 9 min.	Sprinkle cheese over omelet. Microwave 1/2 to 1 minute until cheese is slightly melted.
Poached eggs (4 maximum)	1½-qt. casserole	Casserole cover	High (10) Medium (5)	6 to 8 min. Boil 2 cups water. 1/2 to 1½ min. per egg	Heat 2 cups hot tap water 5 to 6 minutes on High (10). Break eggs onto plate, puncture membrane. Swirl boiling water with spoon, slip in eggs gently. Cover. Microwave at Medium (5) 1/2 to 1 min. per egg. Let stand in water a few minutes.
Quiche	9-in. pie plate	No	Medium (5)	8 to 10 min.	Pour filling into precooked shell.
Scrambled	Glass measuring cup or casserole.	No	High(10)	¾ to 1½ min. per egg	Scramble eggs with 1 teaspoon butter and 1 tablespoon milk per egg. Place in oven and microwave for half of total time. Stir set portions from the outside to the center. Let stand 1 or 2 minutes to finish cooking.

Fish and Seafood

1. Fish is done when it flakes easily when tested with a fork. Center may still be slightly translucent, but will continue cooking as fish stands a few minutes after cooking.

2. Cook fish with or without sauce. A tight cover steams fish. Use a lighter cover of wax paper or paper towel for less steaming.
3. Do not overcook fish. Check at minimum time.

Food	Container	Cover	Power Level & Time	Comments	
Filletts or steaks (1 lb.)	Round dish	Wax paper or plastic wrap	High (10)	5 to 7 min.	Microwave until fish flakes easily. Turn steaks over after half of cooking time.
Shrimp—1 lb. (peeled)	Pie plate	Plastic wrap	High (10)	4 to 7 min.	Brush with garlic butter before cooking Rearrange after 4 minutes.
Shrimp—1 lb. (unpeeled)	2-qt. casserole	Lid or plastic wrap	High (10)	4 to 7 min.	Place shrimp in casserole. Add 2 cups hottest tap water. Cover. Stir after 5 minutes.

Cooking Guide (continued)

Gravies & Sauces

1. Cover thick, chunky sauces to prevent spluttering.
2. Whisk sauces vigorously with wire whisk once or twice while microwaving.
3. Vary basic white sauce by adding cheese, egg yolks, cream, wine or herbs.

Food	Container	Cover	Power Level & Time	Comments
Gravies and sauces thickened with flour or cornstarch (1 cup)	Casserole	No	Medium (5) 5 to 8 min.	Microwave fat, flour and salt together to melt and blend. Whisk in liquid and finish cooking. Increase time 1 to 2 minutes per additional cup of sauce.
Melted butter sauces, clarified butter (1/2 cup)	Glass measure	No	High (10) 1 to 2 min.	Microwave butter just to melting. For clarified butter, bring to boiling then let stand until layers separate. Pour off and use clear, top layer.
Thick spaghetti, barbecue or sweet/sour sauces (2 cups)	Casserole	Yes	High (10) 5 to 7 min.	Prepare as directed in recipe. Microwave, stirring after half of cooking time. Let stand 5 to 10 minutes to develop flavor.
Thin, liquid sauces (Au jus, clam, etc.) (1 cup)	Casserole	No	High (10) 6 to 8 min.	Add flour-water mixture to heated ingredients. Stir well and microwave to finish.

Meats

1. Always use a cooking bag when cooking beef, lamb, pork or veal roasts. See package instructions for proper use of cooking bag.
2. After enclosing roast in cooking bag, place in microwave-safe dish.
3. Allow about 10 minutes standing time for most roasts before carving.

If you use a meat thermometer while cooking, make sure it is safe for use in microwave ovens.

Food	Container	Cover	Power Level & Time (or Internal Temp.)	Comments								
Beef												
Ground, crumbled (for casseroles or soup) (1 lb.) (1 1/2 lbs.)	Casserole	No	High (10) 5 to 7 min. 7 to 9 min.	Stir after half of cooking time. Add sauce or casserole ingredients and finish. To cook frozen block, microwave 10 to 15 minutes, breaking up and stirring every 5 minutes. Let stand 5 minutes.								
Meatballs (1 lb.) (2 lb.)	Round dish	Wax paper or plastic wrap	High (10) 6 to 8 min. 9 to 12 min.	Arrange 3/4 to 1 in. apart in circle around edge of dish.								
Meatloaf (Round loaf)	Pie plate	Plastic wrap	Meal-High (7) 26 to 29 min.	Make a well between the edge of meat mixture and dish to eliminate spill-over of juices during cooking. Let stand 10 minutes after cooking.								
Patties (4 patties per lb.) 1 to 2 patties 3 to 4 patties	Ceramic dinner plate	Wax paper	High (10) 2 to 4 min. 5 to 7 min.	Cover with wax paper or cook uncovered and turn patties over. If desired add browning sauce.								
Pot roasts (up to 3-lbs.)	Pie plate	Cooking bag	Medium (5) 22 to 25 min. per lb.	Add 1/2 cup water to cooking bag. Turn over after half of time. Add vegetables if desired after half of cooking time. Recover and finish.								
Tender roasts (rib, high quality rump, sirloin tip)	Pie plate	Cooking bag	Medium (5) <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr> <td>Minutes per lb.</td> <td>Internal Temp.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Rare 10 to 12</td> <td>140°</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Medium 13 to 16</td> <td>160°</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Well 16 to 19</td> <td>170°</td> </tr> </table>	Minutes per lb.	Internal Temp.	Rare 10 to 12	140°	Medium 13 to 16	160°	Well 16 to 19	170°	Turn roasts over after half of cooking time. Let meat stand 10 minutes before carving.
Minutes per lb.	Internal Temp.											
Rare 10 to 12	140°											
Medium 13 to 16	160°											
Well 16 to 19	170°											

Meats

Food	Container	Cover	Power Level & Time (or Internal Temp.)		Comments
			Minutes per lb.	Internal Temp.	
Lamb					
Roast , leg or shoulder	Pie plate	Cooking bag	Medium (5)	18 to 22	Place roast fat side down in microwave-safe dish. Turn over after half of cooking time. Let roast stand 10 minutes before carving.
			Medium Well	24 to 28	
Chops & cutlets (1 in. thick) 4 chops	Round dish	No	Meal-High (7)	X to 10 min.	Brush chops lightly with oil. Turn meat over after half of cooking time.
Pork					
Bacon (per slice)	Microwave-safe plate	Paper towel	High (10)	3/4 to 1 min.	Arrange in single layer on paper towels. Cover with a paper towel.
Canadian bacon 2 slices 4 slices 6 slices	Microwave-safe cookware	Wax paper	High (10)	1 to 1 1/2 min.	Arrange in single layer.
				2 to 2 1/2 min.	
				2 1/2 to 3 min.	
Ham , precooked: canned	Pie plate	Cooking bag	Medium (5)	15 to 19 min. per lb.	Place fat-side-down in dish. Turn ham over after half of cooking time.
Ham , slices & steaks (1 to 2-in. thick)	Round dish	Wax paper	High (10)	1X to 27 min.	Turn over after 10 minutes.
Pork chops : 3/4-in. 2 4	Microwave-safe cookware	Plastic wrap	Medium (5)	15 to 1X min.	Brush with barbecue sauce or browning agent, if desired. Turn over after half of cooking time. Let stand covered 5 to 10 minutes before serving.
				1X to 20 min.	
Pork roast	Pie plate	Cooking bag	Medium (5)	15 to 1X min. per lb.	Turn roast over after half of cooking time. Microwave to an internal temperature of 170°F.
Pork sausage raw (link)	Microwave-safe cookware	Wax paper	High (10)	1 to 1 1/2 min. per link	Arrange in single layer. If cooking 6 or more links, rearrange after half of cooking time.
Pork sausage raw (1/2 lb.: 4 patties)	Microwave-safe cookware	Wax paper	High (10)	5 to 7 min.	Arrange in single layer. Turn over after half of cooking time.
Veal					
Chops	See lamb chops above.				
Roast (shoulder)	2-qt. oblong dish	Cooking bag	Low (3)	1X to 22 min. per lb.	Place roast fat- or cut-side-down. Turn over after half of cooking time. Let roast stand 10 minutes before carving. Slice thinly.

Cooking Guide (continued)

Poultry

If you use a meat thermometer while cooking, make sure it is safe for use in microwave ovens.

Food	Container	Cover	Power Level & Time	Comments
Chicken				
Pieces	Plate or round dish	Wax paper	High (10) 2 to 2½ min. per piece	Arrange in single layer in cooking dish so thickest meaty pieces are to outside edges of dish. Turn pieces over and rearrange after half of cooking time.
Whole (unstuffed)	Round dish	Cooking bag	Meal-High (7) 10 to 12 min. per lb.	Slit bag near closure to vent. Close securely with plastic tie. Cook breast-side-down. Turn over after half of cooking time. Cook to 190°F. internal temp. Let stand 5 to 10 minutes.
(stuffed)	Round dish	Cooking bag	Meal-High (7) 17 to 20 min. per lb.	
Cornish Hens				
Halves	Round dish	Wax paper	Meal-High (7) 11 to 13 min. per lb.	Arrange skin-side-up in dish, on bed of stuffing, if desired.
Whole (stuffed or unstuffed)	Round dish	Wax paper	Meal-High (7) 9 to 11 min. per lb.	Place breast-side-down in dish. Turn over after half of cooking time. Shield tips of wings and legs with foil.

Vegetables

1. Always use microwave-safe cookware.
2. Salt vegetables after cooking. Salting before cooking may cause darkening and dehydration of surface.
3. Arrange vegetables, such as asparagus, with the thickest pieces to the outside of the dish.
4. Cover vegetables when cooking. If using plastic wrap, turn back one corner to vent.
5. Larger vegetable pieces will take longer to cook than smaller pieces.
6. For more even heating, stir or rearrange vegetables during cooking.

Vegetable	Amount	Power Level	Time	Comments
Asparagus (fresh cut)	1 lb. (3 cups) cut into 1- to 2-in. pieces	High (10)	5 to 9 min.	In 2-qt. casserole, place 1/4 cup water.
(fresh spears)	1 lb.	High (10)	6 to 10 min.	In 2-qt. casserole, place 1/4 cup water.
(frozen spears)	10-oz. package	High (10)	6 to 10 min.	In 1-qt. casserole
Beans (fresh green)	1 lb. cut in half	High (10)	12 to 15 min.	In ½-qt. casserole, place 1/2 cup water.
(frozen green)	10-oz. package	High (10)	7 to 9 min.	In -qt. casserole, place 2 tablespoons water.
(frozen lima)	10-oz. package	High (10)	9 to 11 min.	In -qt. casserole, place 1/4 cup water.
Beets (fresh, whole)	1 bunch	High (10)	25 to 30 min.	In ½ or 2-qt. casserole, place 1/2 cup water.
Broccoli (fresh cut)	1 bunch (1X to 1½ lbs.)	High (10)	11 to 13 min.	In 2-qt. casserole, place 1/4 cup water.
(fresh spears)	1 bunch (1¼ to 1½ lbs.)	High (10)	12 to 15 min.	In 2-qt. oblong glass baking dish, place 1/4 cup water.
(frozen, chopped)	10-OZ. package	High (10)	6 to 8 min.	In 1-qt. casserole.
(frozen spears)	10-oz. package	High (10)	7 to 9 min.	In 1-qt. casserole, place 3 tablespoons water.

Vegetables

Vegetable	Amount	Power Level	Time	Comments
Cabbage (fresh wedges)	1 medium head (about 2 lbs.)	High (10)	11 to 13 min.	In a 2-qt. casserole, place 1/4 cup water.
Carrots (fresh, sliced)	1 lb.	High (10)	12 to 14 min.	In 1 1/2-qt. casserole, place 1/4 cup water.
(frozen)	10-oz. package	High (10)	8 1/2 to 10 1/2 min.	In 1-qt. casserole, place 2 tablespoons water.
Cauliflower (flowerets)	1 medium head	High (10)	8 to 12 min.	in 1 1/2-qt. casserole, place 1/2 cup water.
(fresh, whole)	1 medium head	High (10)	13 to 16 min.	In 2-qt. casserole, place 1/2 cup water.
(frozen)	10-oz. package	High (10)	9 1/2 to 11 min.	In 1-qt. casserole, place 2 tablespoons water.
Corn (frozen kernel)	10-oz. package	High (10)	6 to 8 min.	In 1 -qt. casserole, place 2 tablespoons water.
Corn on the cob (fresh)	1 to 4 ears	High (10)	4 to 5 min. per ear	In a round baking dish or pie plate, place corn. If corn is in husk, use no water; if corn has been husked, add 1/4 cup water. Rearrange after half of time.
(frozen)	1 ear 2 to 4 ears	High (10) High (10)	7 to 8 min. 4 to 5 min. per ear	Place in a round glass baking dish.
Mixed vegetables (frozen)	10-OZ. package	High (10)	8 to 10 min.	In 1-qt. casserole, place 3 tablespoons water.
Peas (fresh, shelled)	2 lbs. unshelled	High (10)	10 to 11 min.	In 1-qt. casserole, place 1/4 cup water.
(frozen)	10-oz. package	High (10)	5 to 7 min.	In 1-qt. casserole, place 2 tablespoons water.
Potatoes (fresh, cubed, white)	4 potatoes (6 to 8 oz. each)	High (10)	12 to 16 min.	Peel and cut into 1-in. cubes. Place in 2-qt. casserole with 1/2 cup water. Stir after half of time.
(fresh, whole, sweet or white)	(6 to 8 oz. each)	High (10)	3 to 4 min. per potato	Pierce with cooking fork. Place on paper towel on turntable, 1-inch apart in circular arrangement. Let stand 5 minutes.
Spinach (fresh)	10 to 16 oz.	High (10)	7 to 9 min.	In 2-qt. casserole, place washed spinach.
(frozen, chopped and leaf)	10-oz. package	High (10)	8 to 10 min.	In 1-qt. casserole, place 3 tablespoons water.
Squash (fresh, summer and yellow)	1 lb. sliced	High (10)	7 to 10 min.	In 1 1/2-qt. casserole, place 1/4 cup water.
(winter, acorn or butternut)	1 squash (about 1 lb.)	High (10)	10 to 13 min.	Cut in half and remove fibrous membranes. In 8-in. round glass baking dish, place squash cut-side-down. Turn cut-side-up after half of time.

Care and Cleating



Your new microwave oven is a valuable appliance. Protect it from misuse by following these rules:

• **Keep your oven clean and sweet-smelling.** Opening the oven door a few minutes after cooking helps air out the interior. An occasional thorough wiping with a solution of baking soda and water keeps the interior fresh.

• **Don't use sharp-edged utensils on your oven.** The inside and outside oven walls can be scratched. The control panel can be damaged.

BE CERTAIN POWER IS OFF BEFORE CLEANING ANY PART OF THIS OVEN.

How to Clean the Inside

Walls and floor. Some spatters can be removed with a paper towel, others may require a damp cloth. Remove greasy spatters with a sudsy cloth, then rinse with a damp cloth. Do not use abrasive cleaners on oven walls. **NEVER USE A COMMERCIAL OVEN CLEANER ON ANY PART OF YOUR MICROWAVE OVEN.**

Door (inside). Window: Wipe up spatters daily and wash when soiled with a damp cloth. Rinse thoroughly and dry.

Metal and plastic parts on door: Wipe frequently with a damp cloth to remove all soil. **DO NOT USE ABRASIVES, SUCH AS CLEANING POWDERS OR STEEL AND PLASTIC PADS. THEY WILL MAR THE SURFACE.**

Removable Turntable and Turntable Support. Occasionally it is necessary to remove the turntable and support for cleaning of the oven floor or turntable. To prevent breakage, do not place the turntable into water just after cooking. Wash it carefully in warm, sudsy water or in the dishwasher. The turntable and support can be broken if dropped. Remember, do not operate the oven without the turntable and support in place.

Special note when using Brown 'N Sear Dish: If grease is present, high heat generated on bottom of a Brown 'N Sear dish may cause the grease to burn onto the oven tray. This may be removed with a cleanser such as Bon Ami® brand cleanser.

After using Bon Ami® brand cleanser, rinse and dry thoroughly, following instructions on can. Do not use Bon Ami® brand cleanser on the painted surfaces such as the walls. It may scratch the paint.

How to Clean the Outside

Case. Clean the outside of your oven with soap and damp cloth, rinse with a damp cloth and then dry. Wipe the window clean with a damp cloth. Chrome trim is best wiped with a damp cloth and then with a dry towel.

Control Panel. Wipe with a damp cloth. Dry thoroughly. Do not use cleaning sprays, large amounts of soap and water, abrasives or sharp objects on the panel—they can damage it.

Door Surface. When cleaning surfaces of door and oven that come together on closing the door, use only mild, non-abrasive soaps or detergents applied with a sponge or soft cloth.

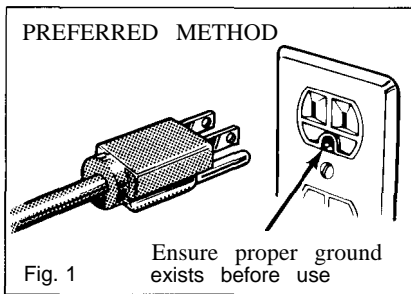
Power Cord. If the cord becomes soiled, unplug and wash with a damp cloth. For stubborn spots, sudsy water may be used, but be certain to rinse with a damp cloth and dry thoroughly before plugging cord into outlet.

GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS

This appliance must be grounded. In the event of an electrical short circuit, grounding reduces the risk of electric shock by providing an escape wire for the electric current. This appliance is equipped with a power cord having a grounding wire with a grounding plug. The plug must be plugged into an outlet that is properly installed and grounded. (Fig.1)

WARNING—improper

use of the grounding plug can result in a risk of electric shock.



Consult a qualified electrician or service technician if the grounding instructions are not completely understood, or if doubt exists as to whether the appliance is properly grounded,

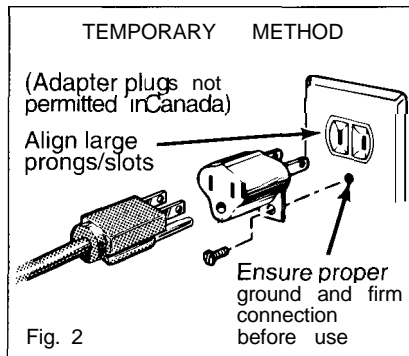
Where a standard two-prong wall receptacle is encountered, it is your personal responsibility and obligation to have it replaced with a properly grounded three-prong wall receptacle.

Do not under any circumstances cut or remove the third (ground) prong from the power cord.

Use of Adapter Plugs

Usage situations where appliance's power cord will be disconnected infrequently.

Because of potential safety hazards under certain conditions, we **strongly recommend against the use of an adapter plug.** However, if you still elect to use an adapter, where local codes permit, a **TEMPORARY CONNECTION** may be made to a properly grounded two-prong wall receptacle by the use of a UL listed adapter (Fig. 2) which is available at-most local hardware stores.



The larger slot in the adapter must be aligned with the larger slot in the wall receptacle to provide proper polarity in the connection of the power cord.

Caution: Attaching the adapter ground terminal to the wall receptacle cover screw does not ground the appliance unless the cover screw is metal, and not insulated, and the wall receptacle is grounded through the house wiring. You should have the circuit checked by a qualified electrician to make sure the receptacle is properly grounded.

When disconnecting the power cord from the adapter, always hold the adapter with one hand. If this is not done, the adapter ground terminal is very likely to break with repeated use. Should this happen, **DO NOT USE** the appliance until a proper ground has again been established.

Usage situations where appliance's power cord will be disconnected frequently.

Do not use an adapter plug in these situations because frequent disconnection of the power cord places undue strain on the adapter and leads to eventual failure of the adapter ground terminal. You should have the two-prong wall receptacle replaced with a three-prong (grounding) receptacle by a qualified electrician before using the appliance,

Use of Extension Cords

Because of potential safety hazards under certain conditions, we strongly recommend against the use of an extension cord. However, if it is necessary to use an extension cord, use only a 3-wire extension cord that has a 3-blade grounding plug, and a 3-slot receptacle that will accept the plug on the appliance. The marked rating of the extension cord shall be equal to or greater than the electrical rating of the appliance (15 amperes).

If you do use an extension cord with your microwave oven, the interior light may flicker and the blower sound may vary when oven is in use. Cook times may be longer as well.

A short power-supply cord is provided to reduce risks of becoming entangled in or tripping over a longer cord. Do not drape the cord over a countertop or table where it can be pulled on by children or tripped over accidentally.



Questions? Use This Problem Solver

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND REMEDY
OVEN WILL NOT COME ON	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• A fuse in your home may be blown or the circuit breaker tripped. Replace fuse or reset circuit breaker.• Unplug your microwave oven, then plug it back in.• Make sure 3-prong plug on oven is fully inserted into wall receptacle.
CONTROL PANEL LIGHTED, YET OVEN WILL NOT START	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Door not securely closed.• START pad must be touched after entering cooking selection.• Another selection entered already in oven and PAUSE/CANCEL pad not touched to cancel it.• Make sure you have entered cooking time after touching TIME COOK I & II pad.• PAUSE/CANCEL pad was touched accidentally. Reset cooking program and touch START pad.• Make sure you entered a code number after touching AUTO REHEAT or AUTO DEFROST.
FOODS ARE EITHER OVERCOOKED OR UNDERCOOKED	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Cooking times may vary because of starting food temperature, food density or amount of foods in oven. Touch TIME COOK pad and additional cooking time for completion.• Incorrect power level entered. Check cooking guide for recommended power level.• Dish was not turned or stirred. Some dishes require specific instructions. Check cooking guide or recipe for instructions.• Too many dishes in oven at same time. Cooking time must be increased when cooking more than one food item. Check cooking guide time recommendations.

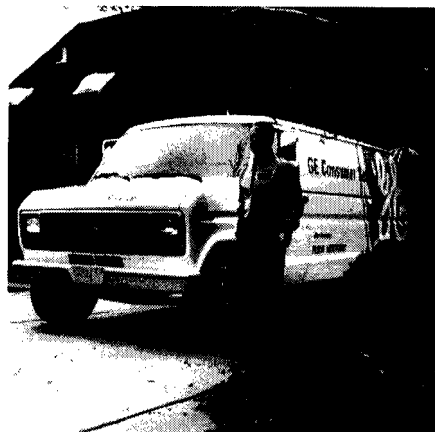
All these things are normal with your microwave oven:

- Steam or vapor escaping from around the door.
- Light reflection around door or outer case.
- Dimming oven light and change in blower sound may occur while operating at power levels other than high.
- Dull thumping sound while oven is operating.
- Some TV-Radio interference might be noticed while using your microwave oven. It's similar to the interference caused by other small appliances and does not indicate a problem with your oven.

If you need more help...call, toll free: GE Answer Center™ / 800.626.2000 / consumer information service

We'll Be There

With the purchase of your new GE appliance, receive the assurance that if you ever need information or assistance from GE, we'll be there. All you have to do is call—toll-free!



In-Home Repair Service

800-GE-CARES
(800-432-2737)

AGE consumer service professional will provide expert repair service, scheduled at a time that's convenient for you. Many GE Consumer Service company-operated locations offer you service today or tomorrow, or at your convenience (7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. weekdays, 9:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. Saturdays). Our factory-trained technicians know your appliance inside and out—so most repairs can be handled in just one visit.



Service Contracts

800-622-2224

You can have the secure feeling that GE Consumer Service will still be there after your warranty expires. Purchase a GE contract while your warranty is still in effect and you'll receive a substantial discount. With a multiple-year contract, you're assured of future service at today's prices.

Parts and Accessories

800-626-2002

Individuals qualified to service their own appliances can have needed parts or accessories sent directly to their home. The GE parts system provides access to over 47,000 parts... and all GE Genuine Renewal Parts are fully warranted. VISA, MasterCard and Discover cards are accepted.

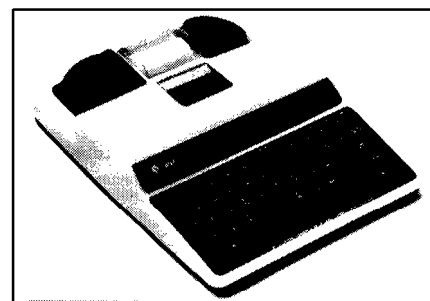
User maintenance instructions contained in this booklet cover procedures intended to be performed by any user. Other servicing **generally should** be referred to **qualified** service personnel. Caution must be exercised, since improper servicing may cause unsafe operation.



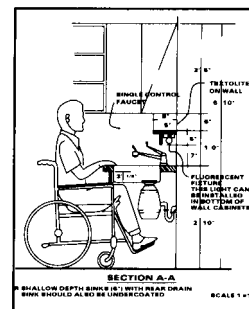
GE Answer Center®

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Whatever your question about any GE major appliance, GE Answer Center® information service is available to help. Your call—and your question—will be answered promptly and courteously. And you can call any time. GE Answer Center® service is open 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.



Telecommunication Device for the Deaf



For Customers With Special Needs...

800.626.2000

Upon request, GE will provide Braille controls for a variety of GE appliance; and a brochure to assist in planning a barrier-free kitchen for persons with limited mobility. To obtain these items free of charge, call 800.626.2000.

Consumers with impaired hearing or speech who have access to a TDD or a conventional teletypewriter may call 800-TDD-GEAC (800-8334322) to request information or service.

YOUR GE MICROWAVE OVEN WARRANTY

Save proof of original purchase date such as your sales slip or cancelled check to establish warranty period.

WHAT IS COVERED

LIMITED ONE-YEAR WARRANTY

For one year from date of original purchase, we will provide, free of charge, parts and service labor to repair or replace **any part of the microwave oven** that fails because of a manufacturing defect.

LIMITED ADDITIONAL FOUR-YEAR WARRANTY

For the second through fifth year from date of original purchase, we will provide, free of charge, a replacement **magnetron tube** if the magnetron tube fails because of a manufacturing defect. You pay for service labor charges.

For each of the above warranties: To avoid any trip charges, you must take the microwave oven to a General Electric Factory Service Center or a General Electric Customer Care[®] servicer and pick it up following service. In-home service is also available, but you must pay for the service technician's travel costs to your home.

This warranty is extended to the original purchaser and any succeeding owner for products purchased for ordinary home use in the 48 mainland states, Hawaii and Washington, D.C.

All warranty service will be provided by our Factory Service Centers or by our authorized Customer Care[®] servicers during normal working hours.

Look in the White or Yellow Pages of your telephone directory for GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY, GENERAL ELECTRIC FACTORY SERVICE, GENERAL ELECTRIC-HOTPOINT FACTORY SERVICE or GENERAL ELECTRIC CUSTOMER CARE[®] SERVICE.

WHAT IS NOT COVERED

- Service trips to your home to teach you how to use the product.

Read your Use and Care material.

If you then have any questions about operating the product, please contact your dealer or our Consumer Affairs office at the address below, or call, toll free:

GE Answer Center[™]
800.626.2000
consumer information service

- Improper installation.

If you have an installation problem, contact your dealer or installer. You are responsible for providing adequate electrical, gas, exhausting and other connecting facilities.

- Replacement of house fuses or resetting of circuit breakers.

- Failure of the product if it is used for other than its intended purpose or used commercially.

- Damage to product caused by accident, fire, floods or acts of God.

WARRANTOR IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state. To know what your legal rights are in your state, consult your local or state consumer affairs office or your state's Attorney General.

Warrantor: General Electric Company

**If further help is needed concerning this warranty, write:
Manager—Consumer Affairs, GE Appliances, Louisville, KY 40225**

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